

Mayapple

## **Woodland Wildflowers in Your Yard**



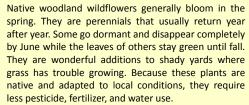
By John C. Marlin; marlin@illinois.edu



**False** Solomon's Seal



Bluebell



They also provide food and other resources to a variety of native fauna, including many pollinators. They can be planted in many combinations, such as with grass and ornamental plants. Annual plants like ornamental impatiens often go particularly well with woodland plants such as bluebells, which go dormant early. The following photos from Urbana locations illustrate this

**False** Solomon's Seal



Dogtooth Violet



Bloodroot



Wild Geranium



True Solomon's Seal



True Solomon's Seal



Spring Beauty



**Shooting Star** 



Wild Ginger



Bluebell

Trillium recurvatum

Jack-in-the-

**Pulpit** 

Jack-in-the-

**Pulpit** 

Troutlily



The progression of wildflowers from early March through June is shown in these three photos of the same yard. Bloodroot (photo 1) is among the earliest-blooming wildflowers and goes well with tulips and daffodils. Bluebells and celandine poppy (2) bloom next. Wild geraniums (3), columbine, and a variety of other species bloom through May.



Bloodroot covers this shady yard. The leaves will soon unfurl



Spring beauty frequently carpets areas under trees where grass is sparse. It is dormant by the end of May, allowing mowing to proceed. Leaves appear again in the fall. Over 50 species of bees visit these flowers for pollen and nectar.



Mayapples spread by underground stems called rhizomes and typically form clusters. They have large white flowers under their umbrella-shaped leaves. Their seeds are in plum-sized



berries, which turn yellow when ripe



Celandine poppy can form dense patches. This plot has sustained itself for over 25 years with little maintenance in an Urbana yard. This plant stays green until fall and sometimes



and the buds will open. Bloodroot stays green until fall.



Bluebells can also occupy shady spaces between grass clumps. They provide a blue and green panorama into May. By late June they are usually completely dormant, allowing normal mowing (inset). Bluebells are used by several spring



Many woodland wildflowers are on stalks which rise above lower vegetation. Here, mayapples and Trillium co-exist with ornamental groundcover. Other examples include Solomon's seal, bluebells, and jack-in-the-pulpit



This woodland wildflower planting is on the University of Illinois campus. In bloom are celandine poppy, Trillium recurvatum, bluebell, Jacob's ladder, mayapple, and some violets.



Green

Wild geranium blooms through May, remaining green until Dragon fall. Sporadic blooms are often visible in September.