Food Waste Management

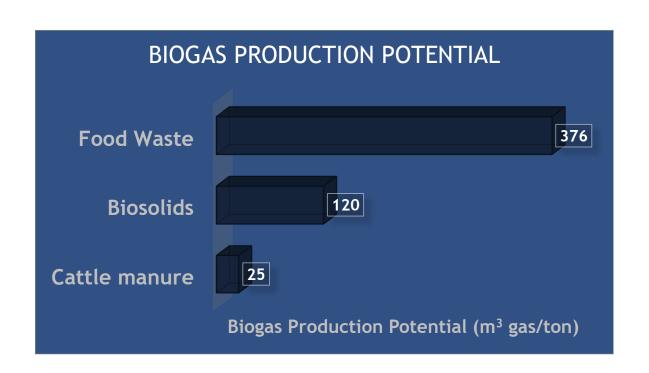
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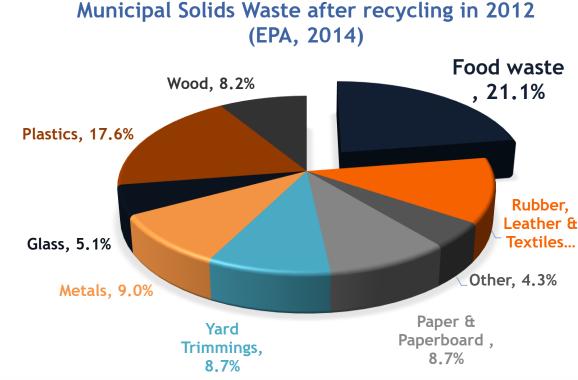




Food waste is an important problem...

- Food waste is generated during production, harvest, storage, transportation, retail, & consumption of food
- Accounts for 13% of methane emissions in landfills (EPA, 2015)
- Can produce 15 TIMES more biogas as compared to cattle manure (EPA, 2016)







Current Situation On-Campus

- Total waste from campus buildings for FY17:
 - Landfilled: 5,303.34 tons
 - Recycled: 1,924.28 tons
- Dining Services food waste data is collected by LeanPath 360. Food waste goes to
 - Aerobic Treatment: EnviroPure System
 - Garbage disposal
 - Landfills
- Food waste that does not goes through EnviroPure, is sent to the landfills
- Busey Evans Dining Hall and other University-owned/operated vendors do not have EnviroPure Systems



What do we propose?

- Anaerobic Digestion (AD) of food waste at the UCSD wastewater treatment plant
- Why Anaerobic Digestion?
 - Existing technique: UCSD has existing AD systems
 - Reduced landfill use
 - Reduced GHG emissions
 - On-site energy/power generation
 - Drop-in fuel generation
 - Renewable energy credit sales
- Process food waste before sending to AD: Insinkerator Grind2Energy system
- Other processing equipment/techniques considered: Insinkerator Tri-Cycle Pulper Unit, Insinkerator Waste Xpress, Somat Pulper, Grinder, Off-site Grinder

Anaerobic Digestion Process

Organic Waste

- Biosolids
- Food waste
- Manure
- Yard waste

Anaerobic Digester

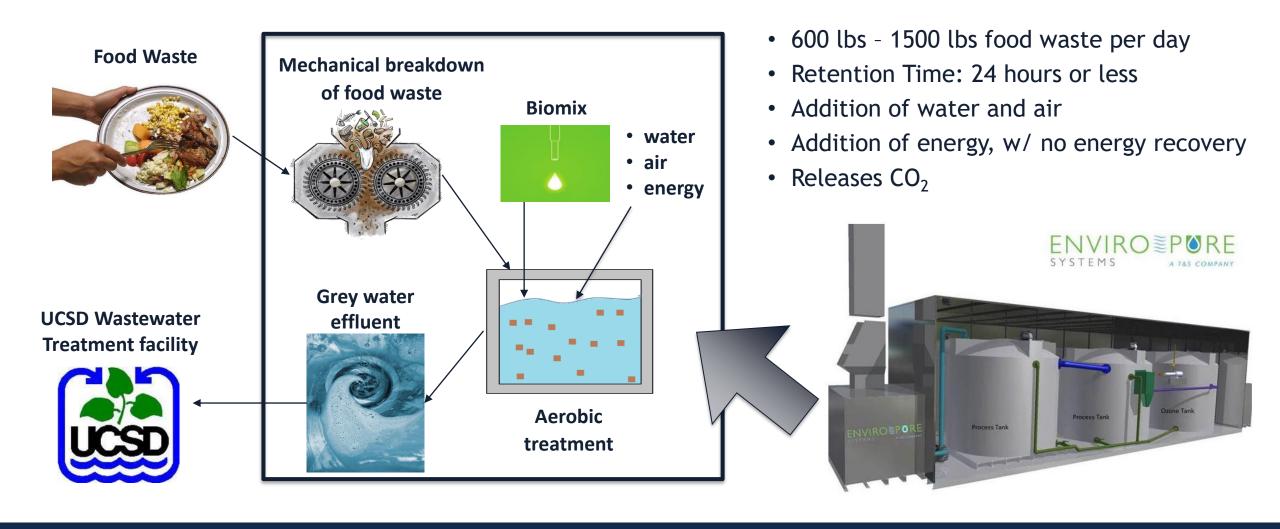
- Solid co-product: Compost, soil amendments
- Liquid co-product: Fertilizer, concentrated fertilizer

Gas product: Biogas

- Electricity and Heat
- Transportation Fuel
- Flare excess



Current Situation: Aerobic Treatment – EnviroPure System





Cost analysis for 6 Aerobic Treatment units. Scenario 1: Connection Fee + High Sewer Fee

Capital Cost (Unit+ Equipment)	\$243,000	\$270,000	\$297,000	Uofl	6 units. Average Unit + Installation cost = $$45,000$. Capacity $600lbs/24$ hr- $1500lbs/24$ hr. Data from Thurman. Error = $\pm 10\%$		
Connection Fee	\$800k	\$1M	\$1.5M	Uofl	UCSD connection fee. Data from Colleen. Low:\$800k,Med:\$1M,High:\$1.5M		
Annualized Capital cost	\$89,650	\$106,400	\$148,250	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.		
Operating Cost							
Biomix	\$22,500	\$25,000	\$27,500	Uofl	Data from Thurman. 20 barrels a year. 1 barrel = \$1250. Error = ±10%		
Electricity Aerobic Treatment	\$2,330	\$4,665	\$9,330	Uofl	Estimate based on average WWTP aerobic treatment. Low: -100% (highly optimized), Med: +0%, High: +100% (poorly optimized). 32 wks		
Maintenance	\$13,500	\$15,000	\$16,500	Uofl	Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%		
Electricity (pump and grinder)	\$725	\$800	\$875	Uofl	EnviroPure uses 0.32kwh/hr. 6 systems, 32 weeks, \$0.0782/kwh. Error = ±10%		
Freshwater	\$1,080	\$1,200	\$1,325	Uofl	60 lbs bucket, 5 minutes of grinding, 5 gpm freshwater supply. More water for 1% solid outflow. Freshwater= \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%		
Sewer Discharge	\$6,500	\$7,200	\$7,925	Uofl	60 lbs bucket, 5 minutes of grinding, 5 gpm freshwater supply. More water for 1% solid outflow. Higher Sanitary= \$25/kgal. Error = ±10%		
Annual Operating Cost	\$46,635	\$53,865	\$63,455	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost		
Total Annual Cost	\$136,285	\$160,265	\$211,705	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annualized Capital Cost		
Note: No valuable co-product generated from Aerobic Treatment of food waste							

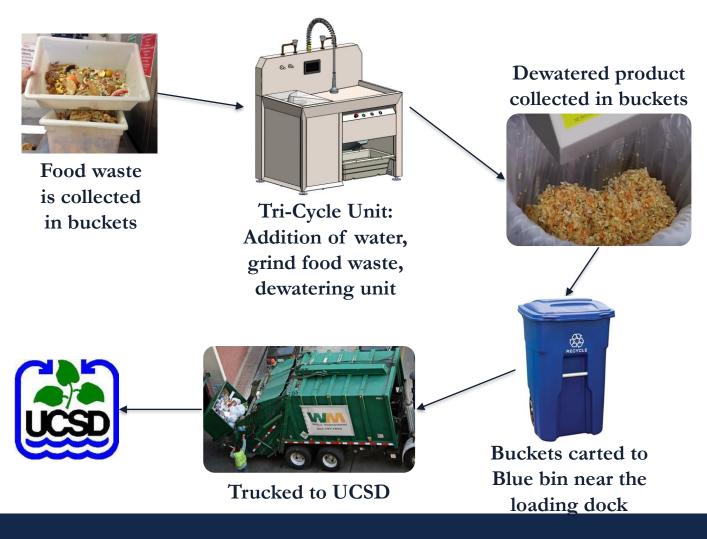
Note: No valuable co-product generated from Aerobic Treatment of food waste

Cost analysis for 6 Aerobic Treatment units. Scenario 2: High Sewer Fee

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Unit+ Equipment)	\$243,000	\$270,000	\$297,000	Uofl	6 units. Average Unit + Installation cost = $$45,000$. Capacity $600lbs/24$ hr- $1500lbs/24$ hr. Data from Thurman. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Connection Fee	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Uofl	No Connection fee.
Annualized Capital cost	\$20,350	\$22,600	\$24,880	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Biomix	\$22,500	\$25,000	\$27,500	Uofl	Data from Thurman. 20 barrels a year. 1 barrel = \$1250. Error = ±10%
Electricity Aerobic Treatment	\$2,330	\$4,665	\$9,330	Uofl	Estimate based on average WWTP aerobic treatment. Low: -100% (highly optimized), Med: +0%, High: +100% (poorly optimized). 32 wks
Maintenance	\$13,500	\$15,000	\$16,500	Uofl	Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Electricity (pump and grinder)	\$725	\$800	\$875	Uofl	EnviroPure uses 0.32kwh/hr. 6 systems, 32 weeks, \$0.0782/kwh. Error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$1,080	\$1,200	\$1,325	Uofl	60 lbs bucket, 5 minutes of grinding, 5 gpm freshwater supply. More water for 1% solid outflow. Freshwater= \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer Discharge	\$6,500	\$7,200	\$7,925	Uofl	60 lbs bucket, 5 minutes of grinding, 5 gpm freshwater supply. More water for 1% solid outflow. Sanitary= \$25/kgal. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$46,635	\$53,865	\$63,455	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$66,985	\$76,465	\$88,335	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annualized Capital Cost

Note: No valuable co-product generated from Aerobic Treatment of food waste

Proposed 1: Pulper - InSinkErator Tri-Cycle Pulper Unit to grind & de-water food waste



Pros:

- Low capital cost
- 100 units of food waste in and 42 units of food waste out
- Reduced hauling cost
- Low freshwater demand
- Very low operating cost
- Self-clean after every cycle/day use
- Can process paper napkins, disposable utensils

Cons:

- Labor cost
- Processed food waste in non-flowable form
- Currently, UCSD cannot accept waste in solid form to feed the Anaerobic Digester
- UCSD and UofI prefer slurry form
- Possible odor issues



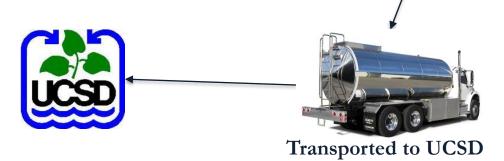
Proposed 1: Cost Analysis for 6 Pulpers: Insinkerator Tri-Cycle Unit

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and construction)	\$278,200	\$330,700	\$388,200	Uofl	Unit cost \$25k. Construction. Low: Installation = 0.5*Unit cost; Med: Installation = 0.75*Unit cost; High: Installation = Unit cost
Annualized Capital Cost	\$23,300	\$27,700	\$32,520	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$14,400	\$19,200	\$28,800	Uofl	\$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trips per week, 32 weeks. Low: 3hrs, Med: 4 hrs, high: 6 hrs
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$3,125	\$3,475	\$3,820	Uofl	$$0.09$ /gal in liquid form is equivalent to $$21.53$ /wet ton. 85% water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Maintenance	\$13,500	\$15,000	\$16,500	Uofl	Assuming maintenance cost is same as EnviroPure. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)	\$4,320	\$4,800	\$5,280	Uofl	\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = ±10%
Electricity	\$780	\$1,050	\$1,110	Uofl	Data from Insinkerator Sales Rep. Low: 1.5 kWh, Med: 2.0 kWh, High: 2.1 kWh. Runs 5 hrs/day. 32 wks
Freshwater	\$650	\$725	\$800	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. 3 gpm fresh water supply. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$520	\$580	\$635	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. Sanitary charge = \$3.35/kgal. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$37,295	\$44,830	\$56,945	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$60,595	\$72,530	\$89,465	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Proposed 2: Insinkerator Grind2Energy System with Anaerobic Digestion at the Urbana-Champaign Sanitary District (UCSD)



Food waste is ground into a slurry, collected in this tank in the loading dock



Pros:

- Moderate capital cost
- Food waste in slurry form, stored in a sealed tank
- Low hauling cost
- Low freshwater demand
- Low operating cost
- Labor cost is minimal
- Both UCSD and Uofl prefer food waste in the slurry form
- IoT will notify the haulers when the tank is full

Cons:

Transporting water



Cost Analysis for 6 Insinkerator Grind2Energy Units

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment and Collection)	\$359,700	\$395,670	\$431,640	Uofl	Starting cost for one unit = \$59,950. Includes installation. 6 units. Low= Total, Med= Total * 1.1 (10% more); High= Total * 1.2 (20% more)
Annualized Capital Cost	\$30,125	\$33,150	\$36,150	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
UCSD Delivered Waste	\$10,750	\$24,200	\$29,570	Uofl	Low: \$0.04/gal; Med (Current): \$0.09/gal; High: \$0.11/gal. 32 wks
Hauling	\$5,375	\$8,050	\$10,750	Uofl	Based on hauling cost for tanker trucks currently used by UCSD. Assuming 3 gpm water inflow. Low: \$20/kgal, Med: \$30/kgal, High: \$40/kgal
Maintenance	\$13,500	\$15,000	\$16,500	Uofl	Assuming maintenance cost is same as EnviroPure. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Electricity	\$540	\$600	\$660	Uofl	Emerson Electric Company rep said <\$100/year per equipment. Assuming error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$240	\$480	\$720	Uofl	6 systems. Based on number of meals served every week. 2 gpm fresh water supply. 32 weeks. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer Discharge	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Uofl	The slurry goes to the tank. Little to no water down the drain.
Optional IoT fee	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	Uofl	Opt: Internet of Things (IoT) mo charge \$129/unit. (Not recommended)
Annual Operating Cost	\$30,405	\$48,330	\$58,200	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$60,530	\$81,480	\$94,350	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annualized Capital Cost

Proposed 3: Offsite Grinder



Food waste



UCSD Wastewater Treatment facility



Trucked to UCSD



Food waste collected in trash bags and taken to dumpster



Dumpster

Pros -

- Minimal capital cost
- Centralized grinding at UCSD; can be used by other university or community members
- Renewable energy generation
- Electricity and heat generation
- RECs, RINs, and LCFS sales
- Transportation fuel, pipeline quality Natural Gas

Cons -

- Transporting air and water
- Rodents and odor issue
- Very high labor cost
- High annual operating cost



Proposed 3: Cost Analysis for 6 Offsite Grinder at UCSD

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and construction)	\$71,960	\$91,960	\$116,960	Uofl	Unit cost \$25k. Construction. Low: Installation = 0.5*Unit cost; Med: Installation = 0.75*Unit cost; High: Installation = Unit cost
Annualized Capital Cost	\$6,025	\$7,700	\$9,800	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$28,800	\$38,400	\$57,600	Uofl	Assuming 1 trailor truck can carry 50 bins at a time. \$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trip per week, 32 weeks. Low: 3hrs, high: 6 hrs
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$7,440	\$8,265	\$9,100	Uofl	$$0.09$ /gal in liquid form is equivalent to $$21.53$ /wet ton. 85% water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Maintenance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Uofl	
Labor Cost @ UofI (Student labor or Ac Hourly)	\$18,820	\$23,520	\$31,560	Uofl	Low: \$12/hour, Med: \$15/hour, High: \$20/hour. If number of bins/dining hall =6 or less/day, 1 hour per day. Otherwise 2 hrs/day., 32 weeks.
Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)	\$4,320	\$4,800	\$5,280	Uofl	\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$59,380	\$74,985	\$103,540	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$65,405	\$82,685	\$113,340	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

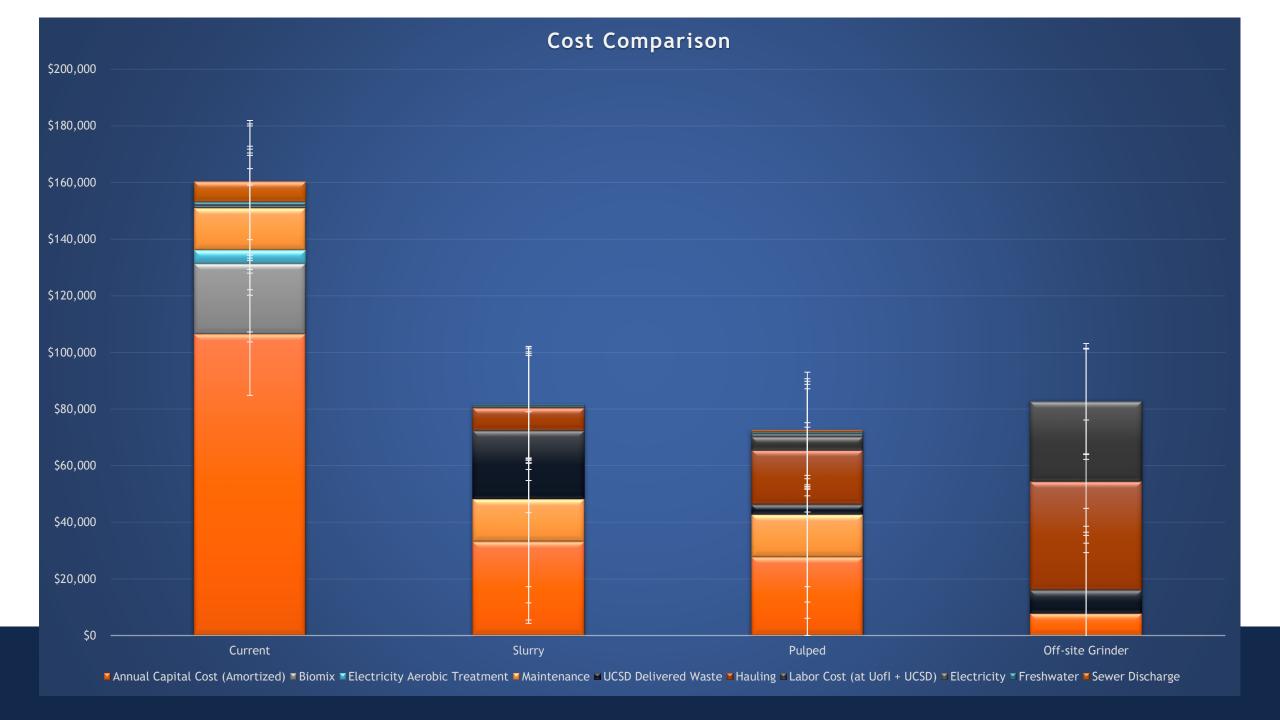
Potential added value from 6 Insinkerator Tri-Cycle Units

Option	Value	Low	Medium	High	Who Gets	Comments
1	Electricity Generati	on				Option 1: Electricity generated from Biogas
	Electricity Value	\$4,100	\$4,575	\$5,000	UCSD	Based on information provided by UCSD. Error = ±10%
	RECs (\$1.5/MWh)	\$170	\$185	\$205	UCSD	Assuming \$1.5/MWh electricity generated. Error = ±10%
	Heating Value	\$780	\$870	\$950	UCSD	Based on information provided by UCSD. Error = ±10%
	Maintenance	\$(2,500)	\$(2,775)	\$(3,050)	UCSD (pays)	Maintenance of electricity generators. Error = ±10%
	Net Annual Value	\$2,550	\$2,855	\$3,105	UCSD	Net Value
2	Pipeline-quality Rer	newable Na	atural Gas	tt Credit Sa	ıles	Option 2: Pipeline-quality NG & Renewable Credit Sales
	RINs Value	\$3,625	\$9,665	\$13,290	UCSD	Low: \$0.75/RIN; Med: \$2/RIN; High: \$2.75/RIN
	LCFS Credit Value	\$1,095	\$2,190	\$3,285	UCSD	Low: \$50/MTCO2e; Med: \$100/MT CO2e; High: \$150/MT CO2e
	Total Credit Sales	\$4,720	\$7,475	\$10,445	UCSD	
	RNG Sales	\$1,110	\$1,235	\$1,360	UCSD	Natural Gas = \$3/MMBTU. Error = ±10%
	RNG Upgradation	\$(165)	\$(180)	\$(200)	UCSD (pays)	Cost: \$1M (EcoEngineer report). Amort=3%, 10 years, Error = ±10%
	RNG O&M cost	\$(3,725)	\$(4,150)	\$(4,560)	UCSD	Based on data from Alton (EcoEngineer) report. Error = ±10%
	RNG Marketing	\$(945)	\$(2,370)	\$(3,315)	UCSD (pays)	20% of the Credit Sales. Error = ±10%
	Net Annual RNG and Credits value	\$995	\$6,390	\$9,860	UCSD	

Cost-Value comparison for current and proposed systems (Medium Case)

	COST (to U	ofl)		
	Current	Slurry	Pulped	Off-site Grinder
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection bins and construction)	\$1.27M	\$395,670	\$330,940	\$91,960
Annual Capital Cost (Amortized)	\$106,400	\$33,150	\$27,725	\$7,700
Operating Cost				
Biomix	\$25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Electricity Aerobic Treatment	\$4,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$ -
UCSD Delivered Waste	\$ -	\$24,200	\$3,475	\$8,265
Hauling	\$ -	\$8,050	\$19,200	\$38,400
Labor Cost (at UofI + UCSD)	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,800	\$28,320
Electricity	\$800	\$600	\$1,050	\$ -
Freshwater	\$1,200	\$480	\$725	\$ -
Sewer Discharge	\$7,200	\$ -	\$580	\$ -
Annual Operating Cost	\$53,865	\$48,330	\$44,830	\$74,985
Total Annual Cost	\$160,265	\$81,480	\$72,555	\$82,685

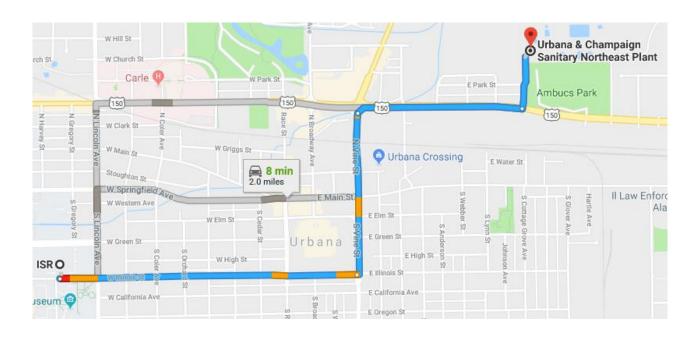
ADDITIONAL VALUE (to UCSD)									
Option	Value	Current	Proposed						
1	Electricity Generation								
	Electricity Value	\$ -	\$4,575						
	RECs (\$1.5/MWh)	\$ -	\$185						
	Heating Value		\$870						
	Maintenance	\$ -	\$(2,775)						
	Net Annual Value	\$ -	\$2,855						
2	Pipeline-quality Rer Credit Sales	newable Na	tural Gas &						
	RINs Value	\$ -	\$9,665						
	LCFS Credit Value	\$ -	\$2,190						
	Total Credit Sales	\$ -	\$7,475						
	RNG Sales	\$ -	\$1,235						
	RNG Upgradation	\$ -	\$(180)						
	RNG O&M Cost	\$ -	\$(4,150)						
	RNG Marketing	\$ -	\$(2,370)						
	Net Annual RNG and Credits value	\$ -	\$6,390						



Possible Next Step...

- ISR Dining Hall as a Pilot for food waste processing
 - Currently, under construction
 - Possibly, solve the immediate sanitary issue
 - UCSD is willing to accept food waste



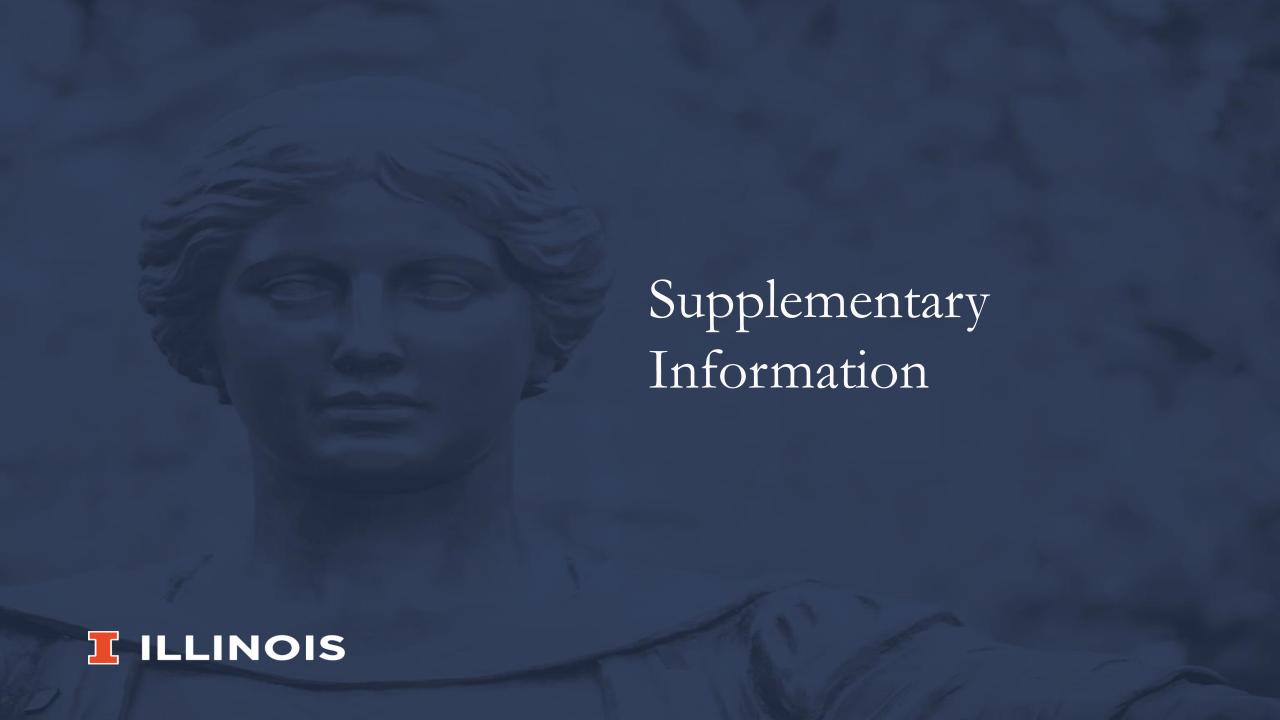


Conclusions and Recommendations

- When considering total costs (capital and operating), the proposed Grind2Energy systems
 are estimated to be ~\$5,000/yr more expensive than the current Enviropure systems
 - If the optional IoT feature is added to the Grind2Energy, the relative increases to ~\$14,000/yr
- The proposed Grind2Energy <u>total cost</u> is estimated to be ~\$17,500 more than the <u>current</u> operating cost for the EnviroPure systems
 - Expected UCSD connection fees for Enviropure (not included in the recommendation) would likely make it more expensive than Grind2Energy under all scenarios
- Potential for extra renewable energy credits of \$2,850-\$6,500/yr for Grind2Energy systems
- Recommend using Insinkerator Grind2Energy for upcoming ISR project and/or one other location to evaluate experience prior to replacing all existing Enviropure Systems
 - Can likely negotiate with UCSD to delay connection fees until after evaluation of 1st Grind2Energy system
 - Relative cost advantage for Grind2Energy system is greater at the larger dining halls and new installations
 - May be possible to retrofit Enviropure systems to provide similar functions to the Grind2Energy systems
 - Need to check that space for storage tanks and tanker truck access at each dining hall location is adequate







Food waste to anaerobic digester

- Divert the food waste generated, at consumer level, on-campus from landfills and current food disposal system to existing anaerobic digesters at the Urbana-Champaign Sanitary District (UCSD)
- Who we intend to contact -
 - Dining Services Thurman Etchison
 - Illini Union Lori Holmes
 - Café Byte at ECE Jane Norder
 - Bevier Café Carter Phillips
 - Law Building Café Lori Holmes
- Define current procedure for disposing food waste
- Investigate cost analysis for the Campus and UCSD Current cost and current value



Universities using AD for food waste



Purdue University



University of Wisconsin, Oshkosh



Michigan State University, East Lansing



Ohio State University, Wooster



University of California, Davis



Processing of food waste

- Current processing method: EnviroPure Aerobic Treatment
- Possible methods for the future:
 - Grinding and dewatering the food waste: Transporting the food waste in a concentrated form
 - Insinkerator Tri-Cycle Pulper Unit
 - Insinkerator Waste Xpress unit
 - Somat Pulpers
 - Grinding the food waste: Transporting the product in a slurry form
 - Insinkerator Grind2Energy
 - No pre-processing: Transporting the food waste in a solid form



Current 1: Cost analysis at ISR for Aerobic Treatment – Conn. Fee + High Sewer Charge

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost	\$40,500	\$45,000	\$49,500	Uofl	Avg Unit + Installation cost = \$45,000. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Connection Fee	\$106,350	\$132,930	\$199,400		
Annualized Capital cost	\$31,525	\$33,750	\$39,320	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Biomix	\$3,000	\$3,300	\$3,600	Uofl	Proportional amount of Biomix needed at ISR. Error = ±10%
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Electricity Aerobic Digestion	\$310	\$620	\$1,250	Uofl	Estimate based on average WWTP aerobic digestion. Low: -100% (highly optimized), Med: +0%, High: +100% (poorly optimized)
Electricity (pump and grinder)	\$120	\$135	\$150	Uofl	EnviroPure uses 0.32kwh/hr. 32 weeks, \$0.0782/kwh. Error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$145	\$160	\$175	Uofl	60 lbs bucket takes 5 minutes of grinding. 5 gpm freshwater. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$860	\$960	\$1,050	Uofl	60 lbs bucket takes 5 minutes of grinding. 5 gpm freshwater. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$6,685	\$7,675	\$8,975	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$38,210	\$41,425	\$48,295	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Note: No valuable co-product generated from Aerobic Digestion of food waste

Current 2: Cost analysis at ISR for Aerobic Treatment – No Conn. Fee + High Sewer Charge

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost	\$40,500	\$45,000	\$49,500	Uofl	Avg Unit + Installation cost = \$45,000. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Connection Fee	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Annualized Capital cost	\$3,400	\$3,770	\$4,145	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Biomix	\$3,000	\$3,300	\$3,600	Uofl	Proportional amount of Biomix needed at ISR. Error = ±10%
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Electricity Aerobic Digestion	\$310	\$620	\$1,250	Uofl	Estimate based on average WWTP aerobic digestion. Low: -100% (highly optimized), Med: +0%, High: +100% (poorly optimized)
Electricity (pump and grinder)	\$120	\$135	\$150	Uofl	EnviroPure uses 0.32kwh/hr. 32 weeks, \$0.0782/kwh. Error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$145	\$160	\$175	Uofl	60 lbs bucket takes 5 minutes of grinding. 5 gpm freshwater. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$860	\$960	\$1,050	Uofl	60 lbs bucket takes 5 minutes of grinding. 5 gpm freshwater. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$6,685	\$7,675	\$8,975	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$10,085	\$11,445	\$13,120	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Note: No valuable co-product generated from Aerobic Digestion of food waste

Proposed: Cost Analysis at ISR for Pulper: Insinkerator Tri-Cycle Unit

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and construction)	\$44,625	\$52,870	\$61,780	Uofl	Unit cost \$25k. Construction. Low: Installation = 0.5*Unit cost; Med: Installation = 0.75*Unit cost; High: Installation = Unit cost
Annualized Capital Cost	\$3,740	\$4,425	\$5,175	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$1,920	\$2,560	\$3,840	Uofl	\$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trips per week, 32 weeks. Low: 3hrs, Med: 4 hrs, high: 6 hrs
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$415	\$460	\$510	Uofl	$$0.09/gal$ in liquid form is equivalent to $$21.53/wet$ ton. 85% water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	Assuming maintenance cost is same as EnviroPure. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)	\$575	\$640	\$700	Uofl	\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = ±10%
Electricity	\$130	\$175	\$185	Uofl	Data from Insinkerator Sales Rep. Low: 1.5 kWh, Med: 2.0 kWh, High: 2.1 kWh. Runs 5 hrs/day. 32 wks
Freshwater	\$85	\$95	\$105	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. 3 gpm fresh water supply. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$70	\$75	\$85	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. Sanitary charge = \$3.35/kgal. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$5,445	\$6,505	\$8,175	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$9,185	\$10,930	\$13,350	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Proposed: Cost Analysis at ISR for Insinkerator Grind2Energy

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment and Collection)	\$59,950	\$65,950	\$71,940	Uofl	Starting cost for one unit = \$59,950. Includes installation. 6 units. Low= Total, Med= Total * 1.1 (10% more); High= Total * 1.2 (20% more)
Annualized Capital Cost	\$5,000	\$5,525	\$6,025	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$730	\$1,100	\$1,450	Uofl	Based on hauling cost for tanker trucks currently used by UCSD. Assuming 3 gpm water inflow. Low: \$20/kgal, Med: \$30/kgal, High: \$40/kgal
UCSD Delivered Waste	\$1,450	\$3,250	\$4,000	Uofl	Low (Kraft): \$0.04/gal; Med (Current): \$0.09/gal; High: \$0.11/gal. 32 wks
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	\$59.88/hr. Low: 1 day/yr; Medium: 2 days/yr; High: 3 days/yr. Error: ±10%
Electricity	\$90	\$100	\$110	Uofl	Emerson Electric Company rep said <\$100/year per equipment. Assuming error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$32	\$64	\$96	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Uofl	Ground food waste is sent to the septic tank.
IoT fee	\$1,548	\$1,548	\$1,548	Uofl	Opt: Internet of Things (IoT) monthly charge \$129. (Not Recommended)
Annual Operating Cost	\$4,552	\$7,014	\$8,406	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$9,552	\$12,539	\$14,431	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Proposed: Cost Analysis at ISR for Off-site Grinder

\$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trips per week, 32

\$0.09/gal in liquid form is equivalent to \$21.53/wet ton. 85%

\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$

weeks. Low: 3hrs, Med: 4 hrs, high: 6 hrs

water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$

Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Annual Operating Cost

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and Construction)	\$9,600	\$12,260	\$15,580	Uofl	Construction cost at UCSD. 32 gallon blue recycling bins. Assuming \$80 ea.
Annualized Capital Cost	\$805	\$1,025	\$1,300	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Labor at UofI (Student labor or Ac Hourly)	\$2,700	\$3,360	\$4,480	Uofl	Low: \$12/hour, Med: \$15/hour, High: \$20/hour. 2 hrs/day, 32 wks.

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

Uofl

\$3,840

\$1,200

\$700

\$ -

\$ -

\$ -

\$10,220

\$11,520

\$1,920

\$990

\$575

\$ -

\$ -

\$ -

\$ -

\$6,185

\$6,990

Hauling

Maintenance

Electricity

Freshwater

Total Annual Cost

Sewer

UCSD Delivered Waste

Annual Operating Cost

Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)

\$2,560

\$1,100

\$640

\$ -

\$ -

\$ -

\$7,660

\$8,685

Proposed: Pulper - InSinkErator Waste Xpress to grind & de-water food waste



Pros:

- Low capital cost
- 100 units of food waste in and 60 units of food waste out
- Reduced hauling cost
- Low operating cost

Cons:

- No water recycling
- High freshwater supply required
- Possible odor issue
- High labor cost
- Processed food waste in non-flowable form
- Currently, UCSD cannot accept waste in solid form to feed the Anaerobic Digester
- UCSD and UofI prefer slurry form



Proposed: Cost Analysis at ISR for Pulper: Insinkerator Waste Xpress

	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and construction)	\$35,770	\$44,500	\$53,900	Uofl	Unit cost \$15k. Construction. Low: Installation = 0.5*Unit cost; Med: Installation = 0.75*Unit cost; High: Installation = Unit cost
Annualized Capital Cost	\$3,000	\$3,725	\$4,515	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$1,920	\$2,560	\$3,840	Uofl	\$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trips per week, 32 weeks. Low: 3hrs, Med: 4 hrs, high: 6 hrs
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$820	\$910	\$1,000	Uofl	0.09 /gal in liquid form is equivalent to 21.53 /wet ton. 85% water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	Assuming maintenance cost is same as EnviroPure. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)	\$575	\$640	\$700	Uofl	\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = ±10%
Electricity	\$90	\$100	\$110	Uofl	Emerson Electric Company rep said <\$100/year. Assuming error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$215	\$240	\$265	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. 3 gpm fresh water supply. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$175	\$190	\$210	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. Sanitary charge = $$3.35/kgal$. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Annual Operating Cost	\$6,045	\$7,140	\$8,875	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$9,045	\$10,865	\$13,390	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Proposed: Pulper to grind and dewater the food waste – Somat Pulper



Pros

- 100 units of food waste in and 28 units of food waste out
- Water recycled, and less freshwater required
- Reduced hauling cost
- Very low operating cost

Cons

- Very high capital cost
- Labor cost
- Processed food waste in non-flowable form
- Currently, UCSD cannot accept waste in solid form to feed the Anaerobic Digester
- UCSD and UofI prefer slurry form
- Possible odor issues



Proposed: Cost Analysis at ISR for Pulper: Somat Pulper

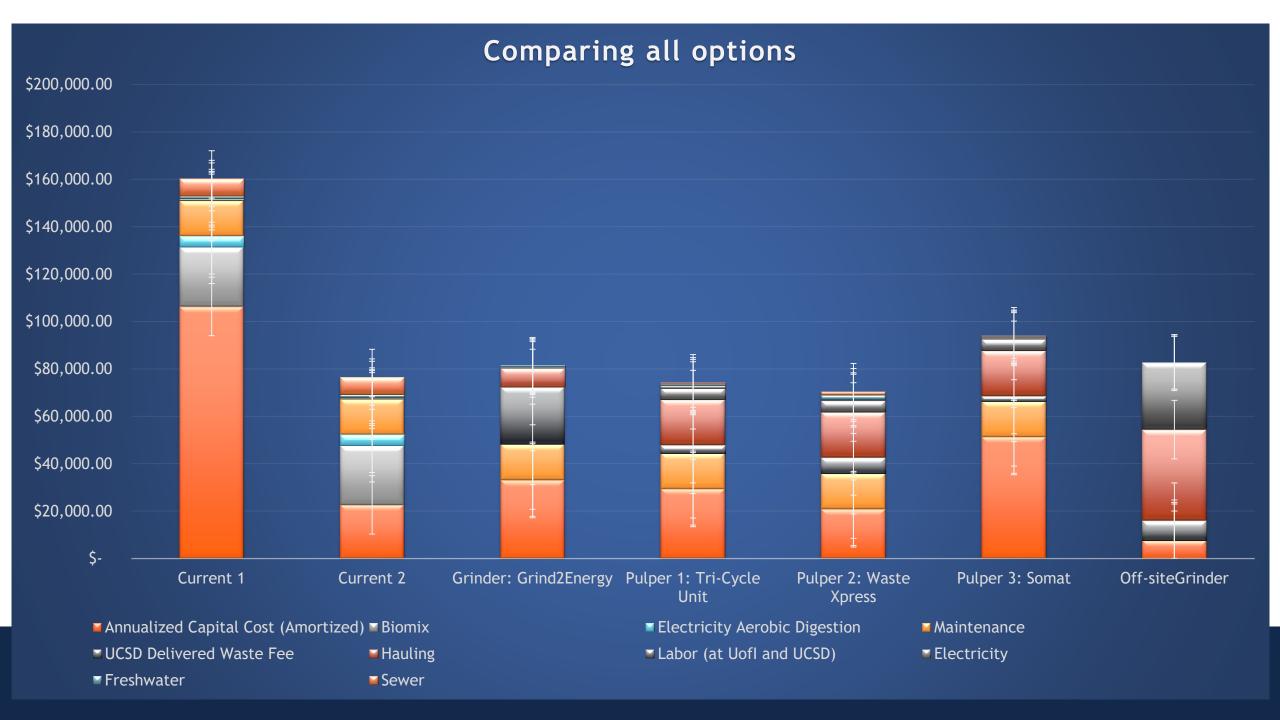
	Low	Medium	High	Who Pays	Comments
Capital Cost (Equipment, Collection and construction)	\$82,045	\$96,540	\$111,700	Uofl	Unit cost \$50k. Low: Installation = 0.5*Unit cost; Med: Installation = 0.75*Unit cost; High: Installation = Unit cost
Annualized Capital Cost	\$6,875	\$8,090	\$9,360	Uofl	Annual capital cost. Amortized at 3% for 15 years.
Operating Cost					
Hauling	\$1,920	\$2,560	\$3,840	Uofl	\$50/hour for F&S drivers, half a day per week 3 trips per week, 32 weeks. Low: 3hrs, Med: 4 hrs, high: 6 hrs
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$275	\$300	\$335	Uofl	$$0.09$ /gal in liquid form is equivalent to $$21.53$ /wet ton. 85% water removal. 32 weeks. Error = $\pm 10\%$
Maintenance	\$2,250	\$2,500	\$2,750	Uofl	Assuming maintenance cost is same as EnviroPure. Data from Thurman. Error = ±10%
Labor Cost @ UCSD (unload)	\$575	\$640	\$700	Uofl	\$50/hr. 3 trips per week, 1 hour per trip. 32 weeks. Error = ±10%
Electricity	\$90	\$100	\$110	Uofl	Assuming same electricity usage as Insinkerator Waste Xpress. Assuming error = ±10%
Freshwater	\$60	\$65	\$70	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. 2 gpm fresh water supply. Freshwater charge = \$4.18/kgal. Error = ±10%
Sewer	\$45	\$50	\$55	Uofl	Based on number of meals served every week. 32 weeks. Sanitary charge = \$3.35/kgal. Error = ±10%
Annual Operating Cost	\$5,215	\$6,215	\$7,860	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost
Total Annual Cost	\$12,090	\$14,305	\$17,220	Uofl	Annual Operating Cost + Annual Capital Cost

Proposed: Value Analysis for sending food waste from ISR to the Anaerobic Digesters at UCSD

Option	Value	Low	Medium	High	Who Gets	Comments
1	Electricity Value	\$575	\$640	\$705	UCSD	Based on information provided by UCSD. Error = ±10%
	RECs (\$1.5/MWh)	\$23	\$26	\$28	UCSD	Assuming \$1.5/MWh electricity generated. Error = ±10%
	Heating Value	\$110	\$120	\$135	UCSD	Based on information provided by UCSD. Error = ±10%
	Maintenance	\$(350)	\$(390)	\$(430)	UCSD (pays)	Maintenance of electricity generators. Error = ±10%
	Net Value	\$358	\$396	\$438	UCSD	Net Value
2	Credit Sales					
	RINs Value	\$400	\$810	\$1,100	UCSD	Low: \$1/RIN; Med: \$2/RIN; High: \$2.75/RIN
	LCFS Credit Value	\$90	\$185	\$275	UCSD	Low: \$50/MTCO2e; Med: \$100/MT CO2e; High: \$150/MT CO2e
	Total Credit Sales	\$580	\$1,095	\$1,485	UCSD	
	RNG Sales	\$90	\$100	\$110	UCSD	Natural Gas = \$3/MMBTU. Error = ±10%
	RNG Upgradation Proportion	\$(14)	\$(15)	\$(17)	UCSD (pays)	Cost: \$1M (EcoEngineer report). Amort=3%, 10 years, Error = ±10%
	RNG Marketing	\$(100)	\$(200)	\$(280)	UCSD (pays)	20% of the Credit Sales. Error = ±10%
	Net RNG and Credits value	\$466	\$880	\$1,188	UCSD	

Cost comparison for current and all considered food waste processing systems

	Current 1	Current 2	Grinder: Grind2Energy	Pulper 1: Tri- Cycle Unit	Pulper 2: Waste Xpress	Pulper 3: Somat	Off site Grinder
Cap Cost (Equipment, Bins & Construction)	\$1.27M	\$270,000	\$395,670	\$330,940	\$225,300	\$592,900	\$91,960
Annualized Capital Cost (Amortized)	\$106,400	\$22,615	\$33,150	\$27,725	\$18,875	\$49,665	\$7,700
Operating Cost							
Biomix	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Electricity Aerobic Digestion	\$4,665	\$4,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$ -
UCSD Delivered Waste Fee	\$ -	\$ -	\$24,200	\$19,200	\$6,820	\$2,275	\$8,265
Hauling	\$ -	\$ -	\$8,050	\$3,475	\$19,200	\$19,200	\$38,400
Labor (at Uofl and UCSD)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,800	\$4,800	\$4,800	\$28,320
Electricity	\$800	\$800	\$600	\$1,050	\$600	\$600	\$ -
Freshwater	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$480	\$725	\$1,800	\$480	\$ -
Sewer	\$7,200	\$7,200	\$ -	\$580	\$1,450	\$385	\$ -
IoT fee (Not Recommended)	\$ -	\$ -	\$9,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Annual Operating Cost	\$53,865	\$53,865	\$48,330	\$44,830	\$49,670	\$42,740	\$74,985
Total Annual Cost	\$160,265	\$76,465	\$81,480	\$72,555	\$68,545	\$92,405	\$82,685



Future plan

- Gradually increase the food waste from more dining halls and other universityowned/operated cafeteria and restaurants
- A food waste collection system for all buildings across the campus
- Include a collection point at the new dairy barn (to be constructed in a few years)
- Collection point for manure at the Beef and Sheep Field Research Laboratory
- Have a method to dewater the manure
 - no pipeline from the new dairy barn or the Beef and Sheep laboratory
 - the water content in manure is very high
- Aligned with the Climate Leadership Commitment, the University of Illinois would like to support UCSD in their continued efforts to provide waste-to-energy service throughout the community



Benefits of using AD at UCSD

- UCSD willing to accept food waste
- Existing infrastructure and man-power
- UCSD will be responsible for operation and maintenance
- Digesters are, currently, running at low capacity, especially during the summer break
- UCSD has been supporting university research
- Constructing an anaerobic digester on-campus could take many years and millions of dollars in construction, operation, and maintenance cost



How will it benefit UofI?

- We will be able to reduce our Carbon Footprint
- The University has made a commitment to be carbon neutral no later than 2050
- By utilizing the energy stored in the Food Waste and Manure for power generation, we will have the option to
 - be able to use it as renewable energy/low-carbon/clean energy (Objective 3.3 of the 2015 iCAP), or
 - Contribute to renewable power generation (if we can't claim the RECs or RINs)
- Potential to be converted to Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) in the future
- Show leadership among the peer universities

